# RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS. OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.



# Insecticide

Active Ingredient:

Other Ingredients: 77.2%

Total:

100.0% Warrior II with Zeon Technology contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gal. and is a

capsule suspension. <sup>1</sup>CAS No. 91465-08-6 <sup>2</sup>Synthetic pyrethroid

Contains petroleum distillate.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. 'ARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet.

EPA Rea. No. 100-1295 FPA Fst 39578-TX-1

Product of the United Kinadom Formulated in the USA

SCP 1295A-L2B 0709 304012

Net Contents

	FIRST AID
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.     Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
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#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

#### HOT LINE NUMBER

For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call

1-800-888-8372

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

#### WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hrs. after exposure and may last 2 – 30 hrs., without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

# Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

## Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category G, such as barrier laminate or Viton® ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (continued)

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

#### Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife.

For terrestrial uses: do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean have mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

# CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA (ROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

# **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category G, such as barrier laminate or Viton® ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR INSECT CONTROL, CROP INJURY. OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

# **GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Initial and residual control are contingent upon thorough crop coverage. Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre by air or 10 gals. per acre by ground unless otherwise specified in this label. When foliage is dense or pest pressure is high (heavier insect or egg pressure, larger larval stages), use of higher application volumes and/or higher use rates may improve initial and residual control.

For cutworm control, Warrior II with Zeon Technology may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soil-incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Warrior II with Zeon Technology is a Group 3 Insecticide (contains the active ingredient lambda-cyhalothrin). Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

#### SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

#### **BUFFER ZONES**

## Vegetative Buffer Strip

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds: estuaries: and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing Warrior II with Zeon Technology onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers:

Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 21 pp. www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf

In the State of New York, a 25 ft. vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 ft. vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 ft. buffer strip (or 450 ft. buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

#### Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes; natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish ponds).

# **Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application**

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes; natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish ponds).

# Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes; natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish ponds).

#### SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS

## Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition.

Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

# Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions.

Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

# **Droplet Size**

Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

# **Additional Requirements for Ground Applications**

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

#### Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downward. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

#### TANK MIX APPLICATION

When tank mixing with any other agricultural products, always add Warrior II with Zeon Technology last. Fill the tank with  $^{1}/_{2}$   $^{2}/_{3}$  volume of the mixing diluent. Make sure all other products are fully dispersed in the mixing diluent before adding the recommended rate of Warrior II with Zeon Technology to the tank. Add the remainder of the mixing diluent volume. It is recommended that mixing and spray equipment have continuous agitation for best results. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

While Warrior II with Zeon Technology has good flexibility for tank mixing with other agricultural products, a jar test for physical compatibility is recommended for untried mixtures, using proper ratios and mixing sequences of all ingredients to be included in the mixture.

Warrior II with Zeon Technology is an aqueous based formulation. It is recommended that no type of non-emulsifiable oils be used in combination with Warrior II with Zeon Technology. If adjuvants are used, use only:

- Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) containing at least 75% surface agent, or
- Nonphytotoxic Crop Oil Concentrate (COC), including once-refined Vegetable Oil Concentrate (VOC), or,
- Methylated Sunflower Oils (MSO) containing a minimum of 17% emulsifier.

Adjuvants other than NIS or COC may be used providing the product meets the following criteria:

- 1. Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- 2. Is nonphytotoxic to the target crop.
- 3. Is compatible in mixture. (May be established through a jar test.)
- Is supported locally for use with Warrior II with Zeon Technology on the target crop through proven field trials and through university and extension recommendations.

In addition, the following may be used as diluents:

- . Crop Oil Concentrate
- Methylated Sunflower Oils
- Urea-Ammonium Nitrate

It is recommended that the following not be used in combination with Warrior II with Zeon Technology as diluents or adjuvants:

- Nonemulsifiable oils.
- Diesel Fuel
- · Straight Mineral Oil

#### CHEMIGATION

# Sprinkler Irrigation Application

Apply Warrior II with Zeon Technology at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, (see TANK MIX APPLICATION) rates and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with Warrior II with Zeon Technology applied by chemigation.

Check the irrigation system to insure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Good agitation in the pesticide supply tank should be maintained prior to and during the entire application period.

Apply by injecting the recommended rate of Warrior II with Zeon Technology into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1-0.2 acre-inch of water. In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. It is recommended that the product be injected into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed. Flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping the system.

In addition to the above recommendations, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, the recommended rate of Warrior I with Zeon Technology for the area covered should be injected into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

It is not recommended that Warrior II with Zeon Technology be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

## Use Precautions - Sprinkler Irrigation Applications

- A. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- B. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- C. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- D. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- E. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- F. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow.
- G. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- H. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrication system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the
  water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- K. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and are capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- L. Any alternatives to the above required safety devices must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.
- M. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- N. Do not apply through chemigation systems connected to public water systems.

# SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

AGRICULTURAL USES			
	AGINCOLI SILALE OL		ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
ALFALFA AND ALFALFA G	ROWN FOR SEED		
	Alfalfa Caterpillar Army Cutworm Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Leafhopper species Looper species Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult) Alfalfa Weevil Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult) Blister Beetle species Blue Alfalfa Aphid Clover Leaf Weevil species Clover Root Borer (Adult) Clover Stem Borer (Adult) Clover Root Curculio species (Adult) Clover Root Curculio species (Adult) Corne Barworm Cowpea Aphid Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult) Coucumber Beetle species (Adult) Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Fall Armyworm¹ Grape Colaspis (Adult) Grasshopper species Green June Beetle (Adult) Green Peach Aphid³ Japanese Beetle (Adult) Green Peach Aphid³ Japanese Beetle (Adult) Meadow Spittlebug Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Aphid Pea Weevil (Adult) Plant Bug species Spotted Alfalfa Aphid Stink Bug species Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult) Thrips species Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Whitefringed Beetle species (Adult) Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02 – 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
ALFALFA AND ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED (continued)			
	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blotch Leafminer <sup>3</sup> Spider Mites <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre by air or 10 gals. per acre by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are hipfs 5–10 gals. per acre by 20 gals. per acre by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher rates for increased residual control.
- Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware
  of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3
  days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters.
- Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre per cutting.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hay.
- <sup>1</sup> Use higher rates for large larvae.
- <sup>2</sup> Suppression only.
- <sup>3</sup> See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.
- <sup>4</sup> Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CANOLA			
	Armyworm species Cabbage Seedpod Weevil Cutworm species Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Looper species Lygus Bug	0.015 – 0.03	0.96 – 1.92
	Cabbage Aphid	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply a
  minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per year.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Corn (at Plant): Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn Sweet Corn	Corn Rootworm Larvae: Mexican Northern Southern Vestern Cutworm species Lesser Cornstalk Borer Red Imported Fire Ant <sup>1</sup> Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot White Grub species Wireworm species	0.005 lbs. a.i. per 1000 ft. of row <sup>2</sup>	0.33 fl. oz. per 1000 ft. of row <sup>2</sup>

- Banded Applications Apply at planting as a 5–7 inch T–band sprayed across the open seed furrow between the furrow openers
  and the press wheels or as a band application behind the press wheel.
- In-Furrow Applications Apply into the seed furrow through spray nozzles or microtubes, behind the planter furrow openers and in front of the press wheel.
- Apply a minimum of 3 gals. finished spray per acre.
- **Do not** harvest or graze livestock or cut treated crops for feed within 21 days of at plant application.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per crop at plant.
- For field corn, popcorn, and seed corn do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per crop
  from at plant and foliar applications. For sweet corn do not apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i. (30.72 fl. oz. or 1.92 pts. of product) per
  acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

## <sup>1</sup> Suppression only.

<sup>2</sup> Lbs. a.i. and fl. oz./A of Warrior II with Zeon Technology Applied at 0.33 fl. oz./1000 ft. of Row for Various Row Spacings						
Row Spacing	40"	38"	36"	34"	32"	30"
Linear Ft./A	13,068	13,756	14,520	15,374	16,335	17,424
Lb. a.i./A	0.067	0.07	0.075	0.079	0.084	0.09
Fl. oz./A	4.3	4.55	4.8	5.05	5.4	5.75

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Corn (Foliar) Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Corn Earworm <sup>1</sup> Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Meadow Spittlebug Western Bean Cutworm <sup>1</sup>	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS (continued)	)		
Corn (Foliar) Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Bean Leaf Beetle Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid <sup>3</sup> Cereal Leaf Beetle Corn Leaf Aphid <sup>3</sup> Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western English Grain Aphid <sup>3</sup> European Corn Borer <sup>1</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hop Vine Borer <sup>1</sup> Japanese Beetle (Adult) Lesser Cornstalk Borer Sap Beetle (Adult) Seedcorn Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer <sup>1</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>3</sup> Stalk Bore	0.02 – 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm <sup>4</sup> Chinch Bug Greenbug <sup>3,4</sup> Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup> Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Southern Corn Leaf Beetle <sup>3</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency
  of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When
  applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn. Direct spray to the base of corn
  plants. Repeat applications at 3-5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may only suppress heavy infestations and/or
  subsequent migrations.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- . Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment. Do not feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.

- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pts. of product) per acre after silk initiation. Do not apply more than 0.03 lb.

   a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow kernels with milky fluid).

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.

<sup>2</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>4</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Sweet Corn (Foliar)	Aphid species2,3 Armyworm1 Aster Leafhopper Beet Armyworm1,3 Chinch Bug Common Cornstalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm1 Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult) Southern Armyworm1 Southwestern Corn Borer Spider Mite species2 Stink Bug species Tarnished Plant Bug Webworm species Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm1	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Corn Silkfly (Adult) <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 4 or more days. Timing and frequency
  of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods and should be targeted for control before insects enter the stalk or ear.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage and ears (if
  present). When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a
  minimum of 0.025 lb. a.i. (1.60 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- . Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

- **Do not** allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment. **Do not** feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- Do not apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i. (30.72 fl. oz. or 1.92 pts. of product) per acre per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Rice Wild Rice	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid Chinch Bug Fall Armyworm Grasshopper species Greenbug Leafhopper species Rice Stink Bug Rice Water Weevil (Adult) Riceworm Sharpshooter species True Armyworm Yellow Sugarcane Aphid Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.025 - 0.04	1.6 - 2.56
	European Corn Borer¹ Mexican Rice Borer¹ Rice Seed Midge¹ Rice Stalk Borer¹ Sugarcane Borer¹	0.03 – 0.04	1.92 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of application should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually at intervals of 5 7 days, by scouting.
- Warrior II with Zeon Technology can be safely used when propanil products are being used for weed control.
- Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a
  minimum of 2 gals. of water (or total carrier volume) per acre, but ensure sufficient volume is used to provide adequate coverage.
  In addition, adding an emulsified crop oil (e.g., 1 pt. per acre) when lower aerial application volumes are used is recommended to
  helo improve coverage, reduce evaporation and improve efficacy.
- For control of rice water weevil in dry-seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-frame of 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do not exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates weevils have not been previously present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.
- For control of rice water weewil in water-seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting
  for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of
  prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weewil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial
  treatment and, if needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later
  stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.
- California: In addition to above directions for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, Warrior II with Zeon Technology may be
  applied at the 1-3 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the 2 leaf growth stage. Adults are vulnerable on levees and in the water.
  Larvae are vulnerable while feeding on the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor for adults, based upon field history and density of
  population. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults. Treat in the following manner: a) spray the inside perimeter of the field, or
  b) spray the entire field.

- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is
  not achieved with the first application of Warrior II with Zeon Technology, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate
  chemistry for control.
- For control of stem borers, scout fields, when rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for early symptoms of damaging populations exhibited as discoloration (orange-tan) around the junction of the leaf sheath and leaf blade which is caused by feeding of young larvae within the sheath. Applications must be made before larvae bore into rice stems. Make the first application at panicle differentiation to 2 inch panicle for partial control. Make the second application at boot to heading for maximum control. All rice varieties are susceptible to stem borer damage, but Cocodrie and Priscilla are particularly susceptible.
- Mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications to wild rice at a rate of 0.04 lb. ai. per acre, and treating 1200 acres (or more) per day
  must wear dust-mist respirator.
- Do not release flood water within 7 days of an application.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not apply more than 0.04 lb. a.i. (2.56 fl. oz. or 0.16 pt. of product) per acre within 21 to 27 days of harvest.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea.
- Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

<sup>1</sup> For control before the larvae bores into the plant stalk.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Sorghum (Grain)	Cutworm species Sorghum Midge	0.015 - 0.02	0.96 – 1.28
	Armyworm Beet Armyworm <sup>3</sup> Corn Earworm European Corn Borer <sup>2</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Southwestern Corn Borer <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Chinch Bug Mexican Rice Borer <sup>2</sup> Rice Stalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location.
   When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For sorghum midge control, begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 5-day intervals if needed.
- For chinch bug' control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of sorghum plants. Repeat applications at 3 - 5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.

- Do not apply more than 0.08 lb. a.i. (5.12 fl. oz. or 0.32 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pt. of product) per acre per season after crop emergence.
- Do not apply more than 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. or 0.08 pt. of product) per acre per season once crop is in soft-dough stage.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- <sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.
- <sup>2</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.
- <sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CEREAL GRAINS			
Barley Buckwheat	Army Cutworm Cutworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
Oats Rye Triticale Wheat Wheat Hay	Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid <sup>1</sup> Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid <sup>1</sup> Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hessian Fly <sup>4</sup> Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug species Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Grass Sawfly	0.025 - 0.03	1.60 – 1.92
	Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid <sup>2</sup> Greenbug <sup>1,3</sup> Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage.
   When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
   For chinch bug control, repeat applications at 3-5-day intervals if needed. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may only
- suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may provide suppression only. In this
  situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- . Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated wheat forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 7 days after treatment. Do not feed treated straw to meat or dairy animals within 30 days after the last treatment
- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pts. of product) per acre per season.
- <sup>1</sup>Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. Once crop has started to boot, Warrior II with Zeon Technology may provide suppression only. Higher rates and increased coverage will be necessary. <sup>2</sup>Suppression only.
- <sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.
- <sup>4</sup>Make applications when adults emerge.

			ite
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
COLE CROPS (HEAD AND S	TEM BRASSICA)		
Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cavalo Broccolo Cauliflower Chinese Broccoli (gai lon)	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cabbage Webworm Cutworm species Imported Cabbageworm Southern Cabbageworm	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy) Kohlrabi	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth <sup>3</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bug species including Lygus species <sup>3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Thrips species <sup>2</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species <sup>2,3</sup> Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a
  minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
   Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only. <sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup> See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
COTTON			
	Cutworm species Soybean Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.015 - 0.02	0.96 – 1.28
	Cabbage Looper Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cotton Leafworm Lygus Bug species <sup>3</sup> Pink Bollworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Bandedwing Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Boll Weevil Brown Stink Bug Cotton Aphid <sup>2,3</sup> Cotton Bollworm European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Green Stink Bug Southern Green Stink Bug Sweet Potato Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Twospotted Spider Mite <sup>2</sup>	0.025 - 0.04	1.60 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 7 days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect
  populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage.
- Applications may also be made with equipment adapted and calibrated for ULV sprays. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may be
  mixed with once-refined vegetable oil and applied in a minimum of at least one qt. of finished spray per acre.
- Under light bollworm/budworm infestation levels, 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. of product) per acre may be applied in conjunction with intense field monitoring.
- For boll weevil control, spray on a 3-5 day schedule.
- When applied according to label directions for control of cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm, Warrior II with Zeon Technology also provides ovicidal control of unhatched Heliothine species eggs.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.8 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton
  crop in one growing season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of the first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CUCURBIT VEGETABLES			
Chayote (fruit) Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron Melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd (edible) Lagenaria species – includes: hyotan, cucuzza Luffa acutangula, L. cylindrical - includes: hechima, Chinese okra Momordica species – includes: balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) – includes: true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honeydew melon, posian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon Pumpkin Squash, summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) – includes: crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini Squash, winter (Cucurbita maxima; C. moschata) –	Armyworm species¹ Blister Beetle species Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cricket species Cucumber Beetle species (adults) Cutworm species Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species June Beetle species Leaffooted Bug Leafhopper species Lygus Bug species¹ Melonworm Pickleworm Plant Bug species Rindworm species complex Saltmarsh Caterpillar Squash Bug species Squash Vine Borer species Squash Vine Borer species Stink Bug species Thrips species,² Tobacco Budworm¹ Webworm species	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92
includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash (C. mixta; C. pepo) - includes: acorn squash, spaghetti squash Watermelon – includes: hybrids and/or varieties of Citrulius lanatus	Aphid species1 Leafminer species1, 3 Whitefly species1, 3 Spider Mite species3	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of all plant parts. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When applying by ground, a minimum of 10 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and/or rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are large, weather conditions are adverse and/or as plant size increases. Use higher rates for longer residual.

- Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines, stems or fruit must be controlled before penetration. Only exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of Warrior II with Zeon Technology.
- Do not apply more than 0.18 lb. a.i. (11.5 fl. oz. or 0.72 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

<sup>1</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.

<sup>2</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips

3Suppression only.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
FRUITING VEGETABLES			
Eggplant Ground cherry Pepino	Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Hornworm species	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
Peppers (bell and nonbell) Tomatillo Tomato	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blister Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle <sup>3</sup> Cucumber Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle <sup>3</sup> Cucumber Beetle species Grashoper Species Flea Beetle species Grashopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Leafminer species Leafminer species Leafminer species Sutage Species Leafminer Species Sutage Species Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Spider Mite species Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Spider Mite species Stalk Borer <sup>4</sup> Stink Bug species Thrips <sup>5</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Pillid <sup>2,3</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species <sup>2,3</sup> Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

#### Remarks

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a
  minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- **Do not** apply within 5 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.36 lb. a.i. (23.04 fl. oz. or 1.44 pts. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

3See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

<sup>4</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or fruit.

<sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Ra	te
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
GRASS FORAGE, FODDER AND HAY			
Pasture and Rangeland Grass, Grass Grown for Hay or Silage and Grass Grown for Seed	Army Cutworm Cutworm species Essex Skipper Range Caterpillar Striped Grass Looper	0.015-0.025	0.96-1.6
	Beet Armyworm Billbug species³ Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid¹ Black Grass Bug Black Turfgrass Beetle (adult) Black Turfgrass Beetle (adult) Blue Stem Midge Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Crane Fly species Cricket species English Grain Aphid¹ Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grass Mealybug Grass Mealybug Grass Sawfly (adult) Grasshopper species Green June Beetle (adult) Katydid species Leafhopper species Mite species Mite species Mite species Mite species Simussian Wheat Aphid¹ Southern Armyworm Spittlebug species Stink Bug species Stink Bug species Sugarcane Aphid Thrips species True Armyworm Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When
  applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When applying by ground, a minimum of 7 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are large and/or weather conditions are adverse. Use higher rates for longer residual.
- For chinch bug control, Warrior II with Zeon Technology may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Warrior II with Zeon Technology may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.

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- Pasture and rangeland grass may be used for grazing or cut for forage 0 days after application. Do not cut grass to be dried and harvested for hay until 7 days after the last application. Grass grown for seed:
- Sfraw, hay and mature seed (seed screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last application. Regrowth of grass grown for seed may be used for grazing, cut for forage or cut to be dried and harvested for hay.
   Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre per cutting for pastures, rangeland and grasses grown
- Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92 fl. oz. or 0.12 pts. of product) per acre per cutting for pastures, rangeland and grasses grown for seed. A minimum re-treatment interval (RTI) of 30 days is required for pastures and rangeland receiving 0.03 lb. ai. per acre which have not been cut between applications.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>1</sup>Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves.

<sup>2</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

		Ra	ite
Сгор	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LEGUME VEGETABLES (BEANS AND PEAS)			
Edible Podded (Only)  Canavalia ensiformis – jackbean  Canavalia gladiata – sword bean  Glycine max – soybean (immature seed)  Edible Podded, Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled  Cajanus cajan – Pigeon pea	Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Mexican Bean Beetle Saltmarsh Caterpillar Velvetleaf Caterpillar	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
Phaseolus species – includes: field, kidney, lima, navy, pinto, runner, snap, tepary and wax beans  Pisum species – includes: dwarf, edible–pod, English, field, garden, green, snow and sugar snap peas  Vigna species – includes: adzuki, asparagus, moth, mung, rice, urd and yardlong beans, black–eye pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, and Southern pea	Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphid species <sup>4</sup> Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Bean Leaf Beetle Bean Leafskeletonizer Blister Beetle species Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle species (Adult) Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) Curculio and Weevil species <sup>1</sup> (foliage and pod feeding adults and larvae) European Corn Borer (continued)	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

continued...

		Ra	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LEGUME VEGETABLES (BEANS AND PEAS)			
(continued) Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled Vicia faba. — broadbean (favabean) Dried Shelled (Only) Cicer arietimum — chickpea (garbonzo bean) Cyamopsis tetragonoloba — guar Lablab pupureus — Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) Lupinus species — includes: grain, sweet, white and sweet white lupines Lens esculata — Lentils	(continued) Fall Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Flea Beetle species (Adult) Flea Hopper species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Leaftier species Looper Species Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady Butterfly (Larva) Plant Bug species Including Lygus species <sup>4</sup> Stalk Bore <sup>1</sup> Stalk Bore <sup>1</sup> Stalk Bug species Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Thrips species <sup>4</sup> Webworm species Western Bean Cutworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Vellowstriped Armyworm <sup>2</sup>	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm <sup>3,4</sup> Leafminer species <sup>3,4</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>3</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>3,4</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>3</sup> Whitefly species <sup>3</sup> ,4	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a
  minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For edible podded and succulent shelled legume vegetables, **do not** apply within 7 days of harvest.
- For dried shelled legume vegetables, do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb .a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season.
- · For succulent and dried shelled peas and beans, do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest vines for forage or hay.

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or pods.

<sup>2</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>3</sup>For suppression only.

<sup>4</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

<sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LEGUME VEGETABLES (SOY	BEANS)		
Soybeans	Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Mexican Bean Beetle Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Potato Leafhopper Saltmarsh Caterpillar Soybean Aphids <sup>4</sup> Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Thrips species <sup>5</sup> Velvetbean Caterpillar Woollybear Caterpillar	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Blister Beetle species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Plant Bug species Silverspotted Skipper Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup>	0.025 - 0.03	1.60 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- · Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for livestock feed.
   Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial-applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.02 lb. a.i. (1.28 fl. oz. of product) per acre.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

- Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz. or 0.24 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- <sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.
- <sup>2</sup>Suppression only.
- <sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.
- <sup>4</sup>Use lower rates for early season applications and/or lighter populations.
- <sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

		Ra	nte
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
LETTUCE (HEAD AND LEAF)	)		
	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth <sup>3</sup> European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bug species including Lygus species <sup>3</sup> Southern Armyworm Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- **Do not** apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.3 lb. a.i. (19.2 fl. oz. or 1.2 pts. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

- <sup>2</sup>Suppression only.
- <sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
ONION (BULB) AND GARLIC			
	Cutworm species Leafminer species (Adult) Onion Maggot (Adult) Seedcorn Maggot (Adult)	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Aphid species <sup>2</sup> Armyworm species <sup>1</sup> Flower Thrips <sup>2,3</sup> Onion Thrips <sup>3</sup> Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Tobacco Thrips <sup>3</sup> Western Flower Thrips <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Use the higher label rates as thrips population increases and avoid rescue situations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals, of water per acre.
- For thrips control by aerial application, the addition of 1% COC v/v, 1/4% NIS v/v or a silicone adjuvant (follow manufacturers use directions) may enhance the deposition of the spray and increase plant coverage.
- . Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of the first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

3See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Rate	
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
PEANUTS			
	Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Potato Leafhopper Rednecked Peanut Worm Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 - 1.60
	Bean Leaf Beetle Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper species Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult) Stink Bug species Tobacco Thrips Vegetable Weevil Whitefringed Beetle (Adult)	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 - 1.92
	Aphid species <sup>2</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- · Apply with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.

  • Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pt. of product) per acre per season.
- <sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.
- <sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use

		Ra	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
POME FRUITS			
Apple Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Oriental Pear Pear Quince	Apple Aphid Apple Maggot (Adult) Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle Leafnopper species Leafroller species Lesser Appleworm Omnivorous Leafroller Orange Tortrix Oriental Fruit Moth Pear Psylla <sup>1</sup> Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug species Plum Curculio Rosy Apple Aphid San Jose Scale (fruit infestations only) Spirea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug species Tent Caterpillar species Tent Caterpillar species Tentiform Leaf Miner species Tree Borer species Tutted Apple Budworm Webworm species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.
   Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applyin
  by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.80 pts. of product) per acre per year. **Do not** apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

<sup>1</sup>Suppression only

		Ra	nte
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
STONE FRUITS			
Apricot Chickasaw Plum Damson Plum Japanese Plum Nectarine Peach Plum Plumcot Prune Sweet and Tart Cherry	American Plum Borer Apple Maggot (Adult) Black Cherry Aphid Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle June Beetle Leafnopper species Leafroller species Oriental Fruit Moth Peach Twig Borer Peachtree Borer species Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug species Plum Curculio Rose Chafer Stink Bug species Tent Caterpillar species Thrips species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold and IPM recommendations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying
  by air, apply a minimum of 5 gals. of water/per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.80 pts. of product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

		Ra	nte
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
SUGARCANE			
	Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup> Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Sugarcane Aphid <sup>3</sup> Sugarcane Beetle (Adult) <sup>2</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup> West Indian Cranefly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid <sup>3</sup>	0.025 - 0.04	1.60 – 2.56

#### Remarks:

Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.

- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gal. of water per acre.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pt. of product) per acre per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only of beetles active above ground.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		R	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
SUNFLOWER			
	Cutworm species Sunflower Beetle	0.015 - 0.025	0.96 – 1.60
	Banded Sunflower Moth Fall Armyworm¹ Grasshopper species Head-Clipper Weevil (Adult) Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Seed Weevil (Adult) Spotted Cabbage Looper Stem Weevil (Adult) Stink Bug species Sunflower Maggot (Adult) Sunflower Moth Woollybear Caterpillar	0.02 - 0.03	1.28 – 1.92
	Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	1.92

#### Remarks

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of sunflower heads and/or foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- . Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per season after bloom initiation.
- Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
TOBACCO			
	Armyworm species¹ Blister Beetle species Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) Cutworm species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Katydid species Plant Bug species³ Potato Tuberworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Stinkbug species Tobacco Aphid species² Tobacco Budworm³ Tobacco Flea Beetle (Adult) Tobacco Hornworm Tobacco Thrips species² Tomato Hornworm Tree Cricket species Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Webworm species	0.015 - 0.03	0.96 – 1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.

  • Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (5.76 fl. oz. or 0.36 pts. of product) per acre per year.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instars only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		R	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
TREE NUTS			
Almond Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert (Hazlenut) Hickory Nut Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut) Pistachio Walnut, Black Walnut, English (Persian)	Ants Chinch Bug Codling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller species Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Stink Bug species Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly species (Adult)	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56
Pecan	Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Aphid species Pecan Casebearer species Pecan Phylloxera species Pecan Spittlebug Pecan Weevil Stink Bug species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying
  by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gals, of water/per acre, but use higher rates as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (10.24 fl. oz. or 0.64 pts. of product) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per year post bloom.

		R	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGE (Potato, Sweet Potato, Yams			
Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem only) Canna (edible)	Cutworm species Leafhopper species Saltmarsh Caterpillar Sweet Potato Hornworm Woolybear Caterpillar species	0.015-0.025	0.96-1.60
Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Potato Sweet Potato Tanier Turmeric Yam (bean and true)	Aphid species¹ Armyworm species¹ Blister Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle¹ Corn Earworm Cricket species Cucumber Beetle species (adults) European Corn Borer Flea Beetle species (adults) Grasshopper species Looper species¹ Lygus Bug species¹ Plant Bug species Potato Psyllid Potato Tuberworm Stink Bug species Sweet Potato Leaf Beetle (adults) Sweet Potato Vine Borer Thrips species¹ Tortoise Beetle species Weewil species Weewil species Weeli species Weewil species Weevil species (adults)	0.02-0.03	1.28-1.92
	Leafminer species <sup>1, 3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>3</sup> Whitefly species <sup>1, 3</sup>	0.03	1.92

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon
  insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of all above ground plant parts. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. total solution per acre. When applying by ground, a minimum of 10 gal. total solution per acre is recommended.
- Use higher application volumes and/or rates when foliage is dense, pest populations are high, larvae are large, weather conditions are adverse and/or as plant size increases. Use higher rates for longer residual.
- Insects that bore or tunnel into leaves, vines, stems, tubers or corms must be controlled before penetration. Only exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of Warrior II with Zeon Technology.
- Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (7.68 fl. oz. or 0.48 pts. of product) per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

#### <sup>1</sup>See Resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

<sup>2</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.

3Suppression only.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USES			
		Ra	ate
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS	TREES		
Plantations and Nurseries	Bagworm Balsam Twig Aphid Balsam Wooly Aphid Birch Leafminer Black Pine Weevil Elm Leaf Beetle European Elm Bark Beetle Gypsy Moth Japanese Beetle June Beetle species Leaf Beetle species Leaf Beetle species Leaf Beetle species May Beetle species May Beetle species May Beetle species Maelybug species Pales Weevil Pine Chafer Pine Colaspis Beetle Pine Conellet Bug Pine Leaf Chermid Pine Needle Scale Pine Sawfly species Pine Tip Moth species Pine Tip Moth species Pine Tortoise Scale Pine Weevil species Sayfly species Sayfly species Sayfly species Spittlebug species Spruce Budworm Tent Caterpillar species Tussock Moth species Webworm species Webworm species	0.02 - 0.04	1.28 – 2.56

- To control exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed and bark feeding insects, apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of
  applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
   Apply with ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of target site. When applying by air, apply a mini-
- Apply with ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of target site. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (15.36 fl. oz. or 0.96 pts. of product) per acre per year.

<sup>1</sup>Suppression only.

		Ra	nte
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES			
Seed Orchards	Coneworm species Seed Bug species Thrips species	See Remarks	See Remarks

- For high volume sprayers, dilute 2.56 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 5-10 gals. of finished spray per tree.
- For low volume sprayers, dilute 10 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 100 gals. of finished spray per acre.
- For aerial applications, apply 7.5 fl. oz. per acre in a minimum of 10 gals. finish spray per acre.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.5 lb. a.i. (32 fl. oz. or 2 pts. of product) per acre per year.

		Ra	ite
Crop	Target Pests	lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
Non–Cropland (Excluding Public Land)	See Crop Outlets on this Warrior II with Zeon Technology label for target pests and rates.	See Crop Outlets	See Crop Outlets

#### Remarks:

- · Spray non-cropland adjacent to agricultural areas to control migratory insects, which may threaten crops.
- Follow General Use Directions, rates and spray recommendations found elsewhere in this label for the adjacent crop outlet and target pests.
- Use highest labeled rates for dense/large foliage, high insect populations and larger larval stages.
- Repeat as necessary to maintain control.
- **Do not** exceed 0.2 lb. a.i. (12.8 fl. oz. or 0.8 pt. of product) per acre per year.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

### Rate Conversion Chart

Lb. a.i. Per Acre	Fl. oz. Per Acre	Pints Per Acre	Treated Acres Per Gal.
0.015	0.96	0.06	133
0.02	1.28	0.08	100
0.025	1.60	0.10	80
0.03	1.92	0.12	67
0.035	2.24	0.14	57
0.04	2.56	0.16	50

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

# Pesticide Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.

## Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

# Container Handling [less than 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## Container Handling [Bulk/Mini-Bulk]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

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Viton® is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company

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For non-emergency (e.g. current product information) call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

Manufactured for: Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P. O. Box 18300 Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

SCP 1295A-L2B 0709 304012

# RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

# DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS. OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.



# Insecticide

Active Ingredient:	
Lambda-cyhalothrin <sup>1,2</sup>	22.8%
Other Ingredients:	77.2%
Total:	100.0%

Warrior II with Zeon Technology contains 2.08 lbs. of active ingredient per gal, and is a capsule suspension.

1CAS No. 91465-08-6

<sup>2</sup>Synthetic pyrethroid Contains petroleum distillate.

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use in booklet

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

EPA Rea. No. 100-1295

EPA Est. 39578-TX-1

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Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300

Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

SCP 1295A-L2B 0709 304012

Net Contents

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

## WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eve irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hrs. after exposure and may last 2 – 30 hrs., without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

# FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible, Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

HOT LINE NUMBER: For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) Or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372.



# BAR CODE # IS (01) 0 07 02941 36724 LAST DIGIT IS CHECK DIGIT UCCEAN 128

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

# **WARNING/AVISO**

# **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife.

For terrestrial uses: do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

# **Pesticide** Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREFZE

# **Pesticide Disposal**

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste

Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for quidance.

# Container Handling

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

Refer to Chemigation directions in booklet.

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