Code

# **RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.



Active Ingredient:	By Wt.
Bifenthrin: (2 methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)	
methyl 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-	
2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropanecarboxylate*	25.1%
Other Ingredients:**	
	100.0%

This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon. \*\*Cis isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum. \*\*Contains xylene range aromatic solvents.

U.S. Patent No. 4.238.505

EPA Reg. No. 279-3313

EPA Est. 279-FL-1



## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

## **FIRST AID**

**If Swallowed:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



FMC Corporation Agricultural Products Group 1735 Market Street Philadelphia PA 19103 Brigade 2EC 10-06-08 Field **If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Net Contents

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

## **HOTLINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

### Note to Physician:

This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided. Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals) Warning

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

### **Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemicalresistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for clean-ing/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### User Safety Recommendations Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

## **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

The use of Brigade 2EC is prohibited in areas where its application may result in exposure to endangered species. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

**Physical/Chemical Hazards** Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**Resistance.** Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

### **Pesticide Storage**

Do not freeze. Do not store below  $40^{\circ}$  F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above  $60^{\circ}$  F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids.

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call FMC: 1-(800)-331-3148.

To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

### **Pesticide Disposal**

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

### **Container Disposal**

Metal or Plastic Container: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Fill container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

**Returnable/Refillable Sealed Container:** Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. **Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.** Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiler.

## **Chemigation Use Directions**

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation a minimum of 0.75 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Results from utilizing chemigation have been variable and depend upon the set up and calibration of equipment. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Brigade® 2 EC insecticide/miticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. Brigade 2 EC should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

## **Rotational Crops**

Crops for which bifenthrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of Brigade 2EC

## Tank-Mixture

Brigade 2 EC Insecticide/Miticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

## **BUFFER ZONES**

Vegetative Buffer Zones

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing bifenthrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. NRCS. 2000. Worth, USDA. Fort Texas. 21pp. http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/ newconbuf.pdf.

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast) - Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application - Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application - Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

# Spray Drift Requirements Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

### Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

### **Droplet Size**

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy. Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift

caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

## Application Instructions

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations; higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control. Arid climates generally require higher rates.

Cultivation within 10 feet of a water body is prohibited to allow for the growth of a vegetated filter strip.

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

### California Closed System

Special Equipment: The registration of Brigade 2EC in California requires that the product be used in closed systems that meet the criteria for closed systems as established by the California Department of Food and Agriculture. The criteria and a list of the closed systems meeting the criteria are available through the California Department of Food and Agriculture.

## COTTON

PEST	DOS	AGE	
PESI	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
European Corn Borer Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.02-0.10	1.3 - 6.4	
Boll Weevil Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Fall Armyworm Plant Bug Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm <sup>1</sup> Whitefly Yellow Striped Armyworm	0.04 - 0.10	2.6 - 6.4	
Beet Armyworm Carmine Spider Mite Western Plant Bug Pink Bollworm Twospotted Spider Mite	0.06 - 0.10	3.8 - 6.4	
<sup>1</sup> See resistance statement under "Directions for	Use" section.		

### RESTRICTION

Do not apply more than 0.5 pounds active per acre per season in all states except in California. For California do not apply more than 0.3 pounds active per acre per season

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.

Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or pyrethroid products include Ambush<sup>®</sup>, Ammo<sup>®</sup>, Asana<sup>®</sup> XL, Baythroid<sup>®</sup>, Brigade<sup>®</sup>, Danitol<sup>®</sup>, Karate<sup>®</sup>, Mustang<sup>®</sup>, and Scout X-TRA<sup>®</sup>.

### REMARKS

Brigade 2 EC may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed)

Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 1 gallon per acre by aircraft. When applying by air, 1 quart of emul-sified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.

**ULV Application:** Apply the recommended rate of Brigade 2 EC in refined veg-etable oil in a minimum of 1 quart of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage.

To Control Boll Weevil: Apply Brigade 2 EC at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.

To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. Higher rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established.

## FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)

PEST	DOSAGE			RE	MARKS	
Corn Rootworm Larvae Northern Southern Western	0.0046 pound active per 1,000 lin- ear feet of row	0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	seed furro planter sh over the r Brigade 2 3 gallons Mix Brigad ing mann	ow. Position the noe, in front of ow. Use the taken EC needs per of finished spra- de 2EC with water. Fill the spra-	ater or fertilizer ay tank appro	le behind the heel centered determine the a minimum of r in the follow- ximately one-
Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm	0.0023 to 0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row	0.15 to 0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	half full wi amount o water or f mixing an mixture. Applicatio ed tank m up fertiliz should b Brigade 2 in solutior during mix Do not ap cover of c Do not gr crops for apply mor	th water or ling f Brigade 2EC ertilizer. Provid d application 1 ns of Brigade 2 nixtures, in cor ers may be u: e performed EC and fertilize b. Constant ag ing and applic ply to soil whe rop residue rei ply within 30 d aze livestock in feed within 30	uid fertilizer, ac 2, then add th 2esufficient ac to maintain a 2EC alone or ir junction with i sed. A jar con with appropr er to ensure mi itation should b vation. re there is gree maining. lays of harvest n treated area days of treatt und active per	Id the proper e rest of the pitation during uniform spray n recommend- n furrow pop- patibility test iate ratio of xture will stay be maintained ater than 30% or cut treated ment. Do not
Row Spacings (inches)	)		40	38	36	30
Brigade 2EC (pounds a	ai per acre)		0.060	0.064	0.069	0.080

## FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (PRE & PPI)

3.9

4.1

4.4

5.12

Brigade 2EC (formulated ounces per acre)

PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
Black Cutworm White Grub Wireworm Seedcorn Maggot Armyworm spp. Stalkborer	0.047 to 0.062 LB Al/A Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	3 to 4 FL OZ/A Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)	The 3- 4oz/A rate must be applied as PPI and can be tankmixed and applied with PPI herbicides. Incorporation of Brigade should not be any deeper than the intend- ed planting depth and no deeper than 3 inches. Incorporation depth should be close to the intended seed planting depth.
Black Cutworm Armyworm spp. Stalkborer	0.040 LB Al/A Pre-Emergence (PRE)	2.56 FL OZ/A Pre-Emergence (PRE)	The 2.56 oz/A rate may be applied PRE and can be tankmixed and applied with PRE herbicides.

### FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

DEST	DOSAGE			
PEST	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A		
Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Rootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southern Armyworm or Armyworm Species Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4		
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4		

### **RESTRICTIONS**—Corn

Do not apply more than 0.3 pound active per acre per season including pre & ppi, at plant, plus foliar applications.

Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Use of Brigade 2EC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties.

REMARKS—Corn General: Apply in a minimum of 2-5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. To improve control by aircraft, use 5 gallons of finished spray per acre particularly when initial popu-lations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Brigade 2 EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

For Control of Mites: Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. active per acre in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.

For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment.

### SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN **GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)**

PEST	DOS	SAGE		REI	MARKS	
Corn Rootworm Larvae Northern Southern Western	0.0046 pound active per 1,000 lin- ear feet of row	ounces per 1,000	open set behind th wheel cer to determ	ed furrow. P ne planter sh ntered over th nine the Briga	osition the loe, in front le row. Use th ade 2EC nee	ment over an spray nozzle of the press e table below eds per acre. inished spray
Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworm	0.0023 to 0.0046 pound active per 1,000 linear feet of row	0.15 to 0.30 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	lowing m one-half i proper ara of the wa tion durin uniform s Applicatic mended t row pop-1 bility tes' ratio of B ture will should be tion. Do not al 30% cove Do not ag Do not ag Do not ap Do not ap	anner. Fill the iull with water nount of Briga- ter or fertilize g mixing and pray mixture. ons of Brigad ank mixtures, ap fertilizers in should be p rigade 2EC a stay in sol e maintained of opply to soil w opply within 30 aze livestock for feed within	e spray tank a or liquid fert ade 2EC, thea er. Provide su l application e 2EC alone in conjunction any be used. erformed wit nd fertilizer to ution. Const during mixing here there is due remainin days of harv in treated are n 30 days of n 0.1 pound a	h appropriate o ensure mix- ant agitation and applica- greater than g. est. a or cut treat- treatment. ctive per acre
Row Spacings (inches)		1				
			40	38	36	30

Brigade 2EC (formulated ounces per acre) 5.12 3.9 4.1 4.4

### SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)

PEST	DOS	SAGE	
FE31	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Bootworm Adults Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm Species Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	

**RESTRICTIONS—Sweet Corn** Do not apply more than 0.2 pounds active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season.

Do not apply within one day of harvest.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of the last application.

Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited.

Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.

Use of Brigade 2EC is prohibited in all coastal counties.

### **REMARKS—Sweet Corn**

**General:** Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.

To control ear-attacking pests: Apply Brigade® 2EC when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.

Southwestern Corn Borer, European Corn Borer: Make 2 applications for corn borer control with the initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.

For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary.

### For Control of Mites:

Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.

For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.

Higher rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

## SUCCULENT PEAS AND BEANS

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Pea (Pisum spp.): Dwarf pea, Edible-pod _pea,	Flea Beetle Aster Leafhopper Leafhoppers	0.025 - 0.10	1.6 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallon of finished spray per acre by a or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipmen When applying by air, 1-2 quart
English pea, Garden pea, Garden pea, Sugar snap pea Pigeon pea Bean (Phaseolus spp.): Broadbean (green) Runner bean, Snap bean, Wax bean Bean (Vigna spp.): Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Moth bean, Southern pea Yardlong bean Jackbean Soybean (immature seed)	Aphids Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cucumber Beetles Japanese beetle Adult Sap Beetle Grasshoppers Plant Bug Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Alfalfa Caterpillar Cloverworm European Corn Borer Cutworms Western Bean Cutworm Corn Earworm Loopers Corn Rootworm Adult Thrips Webworms Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Whitefly	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	of emulsified oil may be substi tuted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per sea son. Do not apply within 3 days o harvest.
Sword bean	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

## BRASSICAS

CROP	PEST	DOS	AGE	REMARKS
CROP	PESI	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REWARKS
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including: Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gailon, white flower- ing broccoli) Brussels Sprouts Cauliflower Cavalo broc- colo Kohirabi Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage	Cutworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids Whitefly Armyworms Loopers Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Thrips Wireworm (adults) Diamondback Moth	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallon of finished spray per acre by a or in a minimum of 10 gallons pe acre with ground equipmen When applying by air, 1-2 quart of emulsified oil may be subst tuted for 1-2 quarts of water i the finished spray. Thorough cov- erage is essential to achiev control. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient (1 quart) pe acre per season Do not make more than 5 appl cations after bloom. Do not make applications les than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of har vest.
(gai choy)	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	

## CANOLA, CRAMBE, RAPESEED

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Canola Crambe Rapeseed	Aphids Cutworms Diamondback Moth Loopers Other Lepidopterous Larvae Flea Beetle Flea Hopper Grasshopper Plant Bug Stink Bugs Seedpod Weevil Thrips Whitefly Armyworms	0.033 - 0.04	2.1 – 2.6	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substi- tuted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.08 lb active ingredient (5.12 ounces) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

## **CUCURBITS**

		DOSAGE		
CROP	PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Chayote (fruit) Chinese wax- gourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, edible Gourd, edible Gourd, edible Gin clud es hyotan, cucuz- za) (Luffa spp.) (in clud es balsam cucuz- za) (Luffa spp.) (in clud es balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam apple, castaba, cren- shaw melon, n on e y d e w melon, honey bals, mango melon, Persian melon, pineap- ple melon, Santa Claus melon, honey bals, summer (in clud es but- ternut squash, verg- etable marrow, s q u a s h, straightneck squash, verg- etable marrow, s p a h et ti squash (C in clud es cor functudes but- ternut squash, can squash (C. mixta; C. pepo) includes acorn squash (C in clud es quash (C in clud es quash (C mixta; C. pepo) includes acorn squash, s p a g h et ti squash	Squash Vine Borer Armyworms Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworm Grasshopper	0.04 - 0.10	2.6 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substi- tuted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulated) per acre per sea- son. Do not make more than two applications after bloom. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.).				

## LETTUCE, HEAD

PEST	DOS	SAGE	REMARKS
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS
Aphids Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Salt Marsh Caterpillar Stink bug Spp. Tobacco Budworm <sup>1</sup>	0.033 - 0.10	2.1 - 6.4	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emul- sified oil may be substituted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
Tobacco Budworm' Whitefly			A maximum of 0.5 lb. active ingredient may be applied per acre per season.
Lygus Spp. Carmine Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 - 0.10	5.12 - 6.4	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
<sup>1</sup> See resistance statement u	inder "Direction:	s for Use" secti	on.

## **CANEBERRIES**

CROP	PEST	DOS	AGE	REMARKS
CHUP	PESI	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	NEWIANNS
Caneberries Including: Blackberries Dewberries Lowberries Marionberries Olallieberries Youngberries Raspberries	Leafrollers Orange Tortrix Root Weevils	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full cover- age of foliage. (minimum of 10 gallons per acre by air and 50 gallons per acre by ground). One application may be made pre-bloom and a sec- ond application may be made post bloom.
	Raspberry Crown Borer Spider Mites	0.10	6.4	For Crown Borer, apply 0.1 Ib ai / a, post-harvest (fall) or pre-bloom (spring), as a drench application directed at the crown of plants in a minimum of 200 gallons water / acre. Greater effica- cy is observed at higher water gallonages (up to 400 gallons/a) or in an applica- tion prior to a significant rainfall event. Do not make both pre-bloom foliar and pre-bloom drench applica- tions. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. Do not exceed 0.2 lb ai per acre per season.

## ARTICHOKE

PEST	DOS	SAGE	REMARKS
PEST	LB/AI/A FLOZ/A		REMARKS
Cribrate Weevil Artichoke Plume Moth	0.10	6.4	Apply when pest population reaches dam- aging threshold and repeat as necessary to maintain control, but not more often than 15 day intervals.
			Application by ground: Apply a full cover spray in a minimum of 75 gallons of finished spray per acre.
			Application by air: Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre.
			Do not exceed 0.5 lb ai per acre per sea- son. A 5-day preharvest interval must be observed.

## HOPS

PEST	DOS	SAGE	REMARKS	
PESI	LB/AI/A FLOZ/A		REMARKS	
Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Leafrollers Loopers	0.06 - 0.10	3.8 - 6.4	Do not exceed 0.1 lb ai per acre per appli- cation. Do not exceed 0.3 lb ai per acre per sea- son. A spray interval of 21 days between appli-	
Root Weevils	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	cations must be maintained. A 14 day pre-harvest interval must be	
Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	observed. Application by ground: For best results, full coverage is essential. Early season recommend 100-150 gallons of spray per acre. Late season recommend 200-250 gallons of spray per acre. For Root Weevil control, make a directed spray to the base of the plant. Spray up the vine 3 feet and the soil surface 1.5 to 2 feet on either side of the plant. Application by air for late season con- trol of twospotted spider mites: Apply no less than 6.4 oz. (0.1 lb ai) per applica- tion in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre. Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on hops is prohibited.	

## PEARS

DECT	DOSAGE		REMARKS	
PEST	LB/AI/A FLOZ/		REMARKS	
Aphids Codling Moth	0.04 to 0.20	2.6 to12.8	Application by ground: Apply as a dilute (minimum of	
Cutworms Green Fruitworm Leafhoppers Leafminers			200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (minimum of 50 gallons of fin- ished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage.	
Leafrollers Lygus spp. Plant Bugs			Application by air: Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre by air.	
Plum Curculio San Jose Scale (Crawlers)			Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active per acre per season with no more than 0.45 pound active per acre applied after petal fall.	
Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bugs			Apply as necessary to maintain control using a minimum of 30 day spray interval.	
Twospotted Spider Mite Yellow Mite	0.06 - 0.20	3.8 to 12.8	Apply up to 14 days prior to harvest.	
European Red Mite	0.08 - 0.20	5.12 to 12.8	Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.	

## CITRUS\* (1 DAY PHI)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Diaprepes Root Weevil (Diaprepes abbreviatus) Southern Blue Green Citrus Root	16 - 32 fluid ounces (0.25 - 0.50 pound active) per acre	Apply Brigade 2EC by ground equipment to bare soil beneath citrus trees. Brigade 2EC must be uniformly applied from the trunk to the drip line of tree; apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of dilute spray per acre.
Weevil (Pachnaeus litus) Blue Green Citrus		Greater spray volume should insure greater uniformity of cov- erage. A pre- and post-application irrigation may aid in the uniformity of coverage as well.
Root Weevil (Pachnaeus opalus) Brown Leaf Notcher (Epicaerus mexi- canus) Little Leaf Notcher		Brigade 2EC protects citrus tree roots from Diaprepes and other citrus root weevil feeding by forming a barrier which pro- vides contact activity on newly hatched larvae (neonates). As citrus root weevil eggs hatch in new foliage, neonates fall to the soil surface beneath the tree and come in contact with Brigade 2EC as they attempt to burrow into the root zone. Disturbance of the soil beneath trees should be minimized.
(Artipus flori- danus)		Timing of Brigade 2EC applications is critical. Current infor- mation suggests that peak emergence of adult Diaprepess Weevil varies by citrus growing region and these emergence peaks can be dramatically affected by environmental factors, such as soil moisture. Typically, two peaks are observed for Diaprepes, first in spring then late summer or early fall. Southern Blue- Green and Blue-Green Citrus Weevils and Fuller Rose Beetle typically exhibit a single emergence peak
Fire ants (Solenopsis spp.) Asian cockroach (Blattélla asahi- nae)	6.4 - 16 fluid ounces (0.1 - 0.25 pound active) per acre.	in the spring. Brown and Little Leaf Notchers typically exhibit three emergence peaks, spring, summer and fall. Since emer- gence varies seasonally and by location, timing of Brigade 2EC application can be accurately forecast by observing adults. Adults are most active early morning and late after- noon; numbers can be estimated by trapping throughout spring and summer (emergence periods). Egg laying will occur for 8 to 10 weeks following adult emergence from the soil; larval invasion of the soil will begin 2-3 weeks following adult emergence. It is critical to have the Brigade 2EC soil barrier in place prior to drop of the neonates.
		Brigade 2EC is one of several effective tools in an integrated pest management program for Citrus Root Weevils. Application of Brigade 2EC should be used in conjunction with good cultural practices, biological control of larvae and foliar control of adults. Consult local university extension personnel for current information to protect citrus trees from Citrus Root Weevils and other pests.
		Additional Instructions: Apply to individual citrus resets, when not in solid planted rows, using hand-gun or shielded sprayer.
		Peak emergence of Diaprepes root weevil generally occurs in the spring. Depending on weather conditions, a minor emer- gence of Diaprepes root weevil may also occur in the fall.
		If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions are conducive to primary emergence occurring in the spring, 32 fluid ounces formulated product should be used to obtain the longest residual management of Diaprepes root weevil. If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions will promote more than one peak of pest emergence, 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied early season and 16 fluid ounces formulated product can be applied later in the season.
Do not apply throu	,	ems. ade 2EC to contact fruit or foliage.

Do not allow any application of Brigade 2EC to contact fruit or foliage.

Do not apply more than a total of 32 fluid ounces of formulated product (0.5 lb. a.i.)per acre per year.

Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 40 gallons of finished spray per acre.

Ground application only. Do not apply by air.

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## Spinach (40 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Colorado Potato Beetle Tomato Pinworm Tomato Hornworm Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms	2.1 to 6.4 ounces (0.033 to 0.10 pound active) per acre	For control of whiteflies apply foliar treat- ments of Brigade® insecticide by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7- day intervals up to a max- imum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Thrips Whitefly		For control of fire ants apply Brigade® insec- ticide to the soil (at planting) or as a foliar treatment by ground or air at rates of up to 0.4 pt. (0.1 lb active) per acre at minimum 7-day intervals up to a maximum of 4 applications. Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
Broad Mite Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp. Fire Ants	5.12 to 6.4 ounces (0.08 to 0.10 pound active) per acre	Apply the specified dosage in 5-50 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10-50 gallons finished spray per acre by ground.
Do not make applications	loss than 7 days ana	4

Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.4 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.

## **GRAPES\***

DEOT	DOS	SAGE	DEM DKO
PEST	LB/AI/A FLOZ		REMARKS
Cutworms Eastern grape leafhopper Grape berry moth Japanese beetles adults	0.05 - 0.10	3.2 - 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of fin ished spray by air or in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray with ground equipment.
Lady Beelte (Scymnus) Variegated leafhopper Western grape leafhopper			When applying by air, 1 to 2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 to 2 quarts of water in the finished spray.
			Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
			When pest pressure is moderate to severe, use higher rate.
			Do not apply more than 0.10 lb ai pe acre per season.
<b>D</b>			Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
Black vine weevil Glassywinged sharpshooter Twospotted spider mite	0.10	6.4	

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

### **OKRA\***

	DOS	AGE		
PEST	LB/AI/A FL OZ/A		REMARKS	
Armyworms Corn earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Thrips Whitefly Aphids Japanese Beetle (Adult) Stink bugs	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.20 pound active ingredient per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.	
Lygus Spp. Broad Mite Carmine Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4		

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **CILANTRO\*, CORIANDER\***

DOS	SAGE	DEMADIZE				
LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS				
.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. Apply as needed. Apply with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by aircraft. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.50 pound active ingredient per acre per season.				
0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4	Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.				
0.08	8 to 0.10	B to 0.10 5.12 to 6.4				

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **DRIED BEANS AND PEAS\***

CROP	PEST	DOS	AGE	DEMARKS
CROP	PESI	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Dried cultivars of: Bean (Lupinus) Bean (Phaseolus) Field bean	Flea Beetle Aster Leafhopper Leafhoppers	0.025 to 0.10	1.6 to 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallon: of finished spray per acre by ai or in a minimum of 10 gallons pe acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quart:
Callang Cowpea Crowder pea Moth bean Mung bean Rice bean Southern pea Urd bean	Aphids Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm Wellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Gucumber Beetles Japanese beetle Adult Mexican Bean Beetle Sap Beetle Plant Bug Stink Bugs Tamished Plant Bug Alfalfa Caterpillar Cloverworm European Corn Borer Cutworms Western Bean Cutworms Corn Earworm Loopers Com Rootworm Adult Thrips Webworms Pea Leaf Weevil Whitefly Whitefly Whitefly Whitefly Woltage- Saftansch Caterpillar Tobacco budworm' Leafminer Grasshoppers	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	of emulsified oil may be substitut ed for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough cover age is essential to achieve con trol. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb active ingredient (12.8 ounce formulated) to peas, or 0.3 active ingredient (19.2 ounces formulat ed) to beans per acre per sea son. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4	

## LEAFY BRASSICAS\*, TURNIP GREENS\*

CROP	PEST	DOS	AGE	REMARKS
UNUP	FEST	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Broccoli Raab Bok Choy Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens		0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substi- tuted for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not apply more than 0.4 lb. active ingredient per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply within 7 days of har- vest
	Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite Lygus Spp.	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4	

<sup>1</sup>See resistance statement under "Directions for Use" section.

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES\***

CROP	PEST	DOS	AGE	DEMARKO
CROP	PESI	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS
Potato Sweet potato Arracacha Arrowroot Chinese arti-	Corn wireworm Tobacco wireworm Southern potato wire- worm Japanese beetle grubs	0.15 to 0.30 (at-plant)	9.6 to 19.2 (at-plant)	Brigade may be applied as a soil incor porated broadcast, directed bed spra or a T-band spray into the planting fur row for the control of wireworms, root worms, sweet potato flea beetle an
choke Jerusalem arti- choke Edible canna Cassava (bitter	June beetle Sweetpotato flea bee- tle Cucumber beetle Sweetpotato weevil	0.00 10 0.10	3.2 to 9.6 (at cultivation or lay-by)	white grubs. Apply Brigade at the rate of 0.15 to 0.3 pounds active (9.6 to 19.2 ounces formulated) per acre in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre o
Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Leren Tanier Turmer Yam bean True yam	Sweetpolato weevin Banded Cucumber beetle Black flea beetle White grub Sugarcane beetle Rootworms	0.033 to 0.10 (foliar)	2.1 to 6.4 (foliar)	spray. Brigade may be applied as one o more soil directed and incorporate treatments at cultivation or lay-by fo the control of wireworms, rootworms and white grubs. Apply Brigade to the drill area and incorporate by cultivatior equipment set to throw soil towards the drill area. Apply Brigade at a rate o 0.05 to 0.15 pounds active (3.2 to 9.6 ounces formulated) per acre in a mini mum of 10 gallons per acre of spray.
				Brigade may be applied as a folial spray for the control of the adult life stages of flea beetles, click beetles (wireworms), cucumber beetles (root worms), white fringed beetles and May/June beetles (white grubs).
				Apply Brigade at the rate of 0.033 to 0.1 lbs active (2.1 to 6.4 ounces formu- lated) per acre in a minimum of 10 gal- lons of spray by ground and 3 gallons of spray by air.
				Do not make more than 2 foliar appli- cations per season no sooner than 21 days apart.
				Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. active ingredient per acre per season, includ- ing soil application.
				Do not apply within 21 days of harves

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **TOBACCO\***

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS	
CROP	PESI	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	REMARKS	
Tobacco	Cutworm ssp. Tobacco Flea Beetle (larvae) White Grubs Wireworms Mole Crickets Armyworm spp. Stalkborers	0.0625 - 0.10	4.0 - 6.4	Pre-transplant soil applications: Apply 0.0625-0.1 bi ai/A in a minimum of 10 gal/A to control soil pests. Use of suitable equipment to incorporate into top 4 <sup>o</sup> of the soil is required to control below ground pests. At-transplant water treatment appli- cation: Apply 0.0625-0.1 bi ai/A in a water treatment application volume of 10-200 gal/A.	
	Aphid spp. Armyworm spp. Flea Beetle (Adults) Chinch Bugs Cucumber Beetle Stink Bugs Japanese Beetles Grasshoppers Cutworm spp. Tarnished Plant Bugs Green Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Thrips Tobacco Budworm <sup>1</sup> Tobacco Hornworm	0.04- 0.10	2.56 - 6.4	Foliar applications: Apply 0.04- 0.10 lb ai/A per foliar appli- cation up to, and including, layby in a minimum of 10 gal/A. Do not make more than 2 foliar applications per season.	
	Spider mites Lygus spp.	0.1	6.4		

Do not apply more than 0.2 lb ai/A per season.

Do not apply later than layby.

May be tank mixed with Command, Spartan and other herbicides approved for tobacco use.

<sup>1</sup>See resistance statement under "Directions for Use" section.

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## SOYBEANS\*

DEGT	DOSAGE		REMARKS		
PEST	LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REMARKS		
Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphids Aster Leafhopper Bean Leaf Beetle	0.033 to 0.10	2.1 to 6.4	Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment or 2 gallon per acre by aircraft at a minimum of 30 day intervals.		
Beet Armyworm* Cloverworm Corn Earworm			Do not apply more than 0.3 lb ai per acre per season.		
Corn Rootworm Adult			Do not apply within 18 days of harvest		
Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Imported cabbageworm Japanese beetle Adult Leafniner Loopers Mexican Bean Beetle Adult Pea Leaf Weevil Pea Weevil Plant Bug Saltmarsh caterpillar Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Stink Bugs Tamished Plant Bug Thrips Tobacco budworm* Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Whitefly Yellowstriped Armyworm			*Pyrethroid resistance is common for Beet Armyworm and Tobacco Budworm. Please consult your local or state agricul- tural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so refer the the resistance management statement in the DIRECTION FOR USE section of this label.		
Lygus Species Whitefly Two Spotted Spider Mite	0.08 to 0.10	5.12 to 6.4			
* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.					

## **FRUITING VEGETABLES**

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE LB/AI/A FL OZ/A		REMARKS	
Yepper (Bell & Non-Bell)	Armyworms Including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Fall Armyworm Cabbage Looper Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Leafminers Loopers Pepper weevil Plant Bug Stink Bug Thrips Tomato Hornworm Yegtable Leafminer	0.033-0.10	2.1-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1-2 quarts of emulsified oil may be substitut- ed for 1-2 quarts of water in the finished spray. Thorough cover- age is essential to achieve con- trol. Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Do not apply more than 0.2 lb active ingredient (12.8 ounces formulated) per acre per season. Do not apply within 7 days of har- vest	
	Banks Grass Mite Broad Mite Carmine Mite Lygus Species Pacific Spider Mite Two Spotted Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4		
Tomato	Aphids Armyworms Including: Beet Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Fall Armyworm, Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworm Carmine Mite Cloverworm Corn Rootworm Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hopper Grasshopper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhoppers Loopers Lygus Species Melonworm Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworm Plant Bug Rindworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs Stink bug Species Tobacco Budworm Tarnished Plant Bug	0.033-0.08	2.1-5.2	Apply the specified dosage in 5 to 50 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 to 50 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. Apply in water. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Do not make applications less than 10 days apart. A maximum of 4 applications may be applied per season. Do not apply within 1 day of har- vest.	
	Thrips Whitefly				

## **PEANUT\***

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
CROP		LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	REWIARKS
Peanut	Beet armyworm Corn earworm Cutworm Species Fall armyworm Grasshoppers Green cloverworm Leafhoppers Lesser cornstalk borer Loopers Rednecked peanut worm Southern army- worm Southern army- worm Stink bugs Threecornered alfalfa hopper Velvetbean caterpil- lar Yellowstriped army- worm	0.033-0.1	2.1-6.4	Apply in a minimum of 11 gallons per acre wit ground equipment or 2 gal lon per acre by aircraft at i minimium of 14 day inter vals. Do not apply more than 0.1 Ib ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 14 day of harvest Do not feed green imma ture plants and peanut ha to livestock.
	Aphids Spider mites Thrips Whitefly	0.08-0.1	5.12-6.4	

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **ROOT CROPS (Except Sugar Beets)\***

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
CHOP		LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	NEIWIANNO
Burdock, edi- ble Carrot Celeriac Chervil, turnip rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley, turnip rooted Parsnip Radish, ori- ental Rutabaga Salsify, black Salsify, black Salsify, black Salsify, black	Beet armyworm Celery leaf tier Corn earworm Cross-striped cab- bageworm Cutworms Diamondback moth European corn borer Fall armyworm	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 25 gallons per acre. Apply no more than once every 7 days. Do not apply more than 0.5 Ib ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest
Garden Beet	Aphids Fire Ants Flea Beetles Lepidopterous larvae Spider mites Whitefly	0.08-0.10	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 25 gallons per acre. Apply no more than once every 7 days. Do not apply more than 0.4 Ib ai per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## **MAYHAW\***

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
CROP		LB/AI/A	FLOZ/A	NEIWIANNS
Mayhaw	Plum Curculio	0.08-0.1	5.12-6.4	Apply foliar treatments in at least 28 gallons per acre.
				Apply no more than once every 7 days.
				Do not apply more than 0.2 lb ai per acre per season.
				Do not apply within 30 days of harvest

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

## SOD FARMS\*

Apply as a broadcast treatment. Use higher volumes up to 10 gallons of carrier per 1000 square feet to get uniform coverage when treating dense grass foliage.

For low water volume usage, less than 2 gallons/1000 square feet, addition of a non-ionic or silicone based surfactant (0.25% by volume) is recommended. Irrigation to treated area within a few hours following application can improve efficacy to sub-surface pests such as, but not limited to, mole crickets.

The application rates listed in the following table will provide excellent control of the respective pests under typical conditions. However, at the discretion of the applicator, Brigade 2EC may be applied at up to 0.32 fl. oz. per 1000 square feet to control each of the pests listed in this table. The higher application rates should be used when maximum residual control is desired or heavy pest populations occur.

PEST	Fluid oz/acre	Fluid oz /1000 sq. ft.	Lbs a.i./acre
Armyworms <sup>1</sup> Cutworms <sup>1</sup> Sod Webworm <sup>1</sup>	2.2- 3.5	0.05 - 0.08	0.03- 0.05
Annual Bluegrass Weevil (Hyperodes) (Adult) <sup>2</sup> Banks Grass Mite <sup>6</sup> Billbugs (Adult) <sup>3</sup> Black Turfgrass Ataenius (Adult) <sup>4</sup> Crickets Earwigs Fleas (Adult) Grasshoppers Mealybugs Mite <sup>6</sup>	3.5- 7.0	0.08 - 0.16	0.05- 0.11
Ants Chinch Bugs <sup>5</sup> Fleas (Larvae) <sup>7</sup> Imported Fire Ants <sup>8</sup> Japanese Beetle (Adut) Mole Cricket (Adutt) <sup>9</sup> Mole Cricket (Nymph) <sup>10</sup> Ticks <sup>11</sup>	7.0- 14.0	0.16- 0.32	0.11- 0.21

\* This use is not permitted in California unless allowed by an approved supplemental label.

In New York State, this product may NOT be applied to any grass or turf area within 100 feet of a water body (lake, pond, river, stream, wetland, or drainage ditch).

In New York State, do make a single repeat application of this product if there are signs of renewed insect activity, but not sooner than two weeks after the first application.

### Spray Drift Precautions (For turf uses)

Do not apply when wind conditions favor downwind drift to nearby water bodies.

Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 10 miles per hour.

Avoid application when wind gusts approach 10 mph.

Apply using nozzles that provide the largest droplet size compatible with adequate coverage.

### Comments

<sup>1</sup>Armyworms, Cutworms and Sod Webworms: To ensure optimum control, delay watering (irrigation) or mowing for 24 hours after application. If the grass area is being maintained at a mowing height of greater than 1 inch, then higher application rates (up to 0.32 fluid oz. per 1000 square feet) may be required during periods of high pest pressure.

<sup>2</sup>Annual Bluegrass Weevil (*Hyperodes*) adults: Applications should be timed to control adult weevils as they leave their overwintering sites and move into grass areas. This movement generally begins when *Forsythia* is in full bloom and concludes when flowering dogwood (*Cornus florida*) is in full bloom. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for more specific information regarding application timing.

<sup>3</sup>Billbug adults: Applications should be made when adult billbugs are first observed during April and May. Degree day models have been developed to optimize application timing. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for information specific to your region. In temperate regions, spring applications targeting billbug adults will also provide control of over-wintered chinch bugs.

<sup>4</sup>Black Turfgrass Ataenius adults: Applications should be made during May and July to control the first and second generation of black turfgrass ataenius adults, respectively. The May application should be timed to coincide with the full bloom stage of Vanhoutte spiraea (*Spiraea vanhouttei*) and horse chestnut (*Aesculus hippocastanum*). The July application should be timed to coincide with the blooming of Rose of Sharon (*Hibiscus syriacus*). <sup>5</sup>Chinch Bugs: Chinch Bugs infest the base of grass plants and are often found in the thatch layer. Irrigation of the grass area before treatment will optimize the penetration of the insecticide to the area where the chinch bugs are located. Use higher volume applications if the thatch layer is excessive or if a relatively long mowing height is being maintained. Chinch Bugs can be one of the most difficult pests to control in grasses and the higher application rates (up to 0.32 fluid oz. per 1000 square feet) may be required to control populations that contain both nymphs and adults during the middle of the summer.

<sup>6</sup>**Mites:** To ensure optimal control of eriophyid mites, apply in combination with the labeled application rate of a surfactant. A second application, five to seven days after the first, may be necessary to achieve acceptable control.

<sup>7</sup>Flea larvae: Flea larvae develop in the soil of shaded areas that are accessible to pets or other animals. Use a higher volume application when treating these areas to ensure penetration of the insecticide into the soil. Note: if the lawn area is being treated with this product at 0.10 fluid oz. per 1000 square feet for adult flea control, then the larval application rate may be achieved by increasing the application volume two-to four-fold.

<sup>8</sup>Imported Fire Ants: Control will be optimized by combining broadcast applications that will control foraging workers and newly mated fly-in queens with mound drenches that will eliminate existing colonies. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application or use a high volume application. Broadcast treatments should apply 0.32 fluid oz. per 1,000 square feet. Mounds should be treated by diluting 0.05 fliud oz of Brigade 2EC per gallon of water and applying 1 to 2 gallons of finished spray per mound. The mounds should be treated with sufficient force to break their apex and allow the insecticide solution to flow into the ant tunnels. A four foot diameter circle around the mound should also be treated. For best results, apply in cool weather (65 - 80°F) or in early morning or late evening hours.

<sup>9</sup>**Mole Cricket adults:** Achieving acceptable control of adult mole crickets is difficult because preferred grass areas are subject to continuous invasion during the early spring by this extremely active stage. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized. Grass areas that receive pressure from adult mole crickets should be treated at peak egg hatch to ensure optimum control of subsequent nymph populations (see below).

<sup>10</sup>**Mole Cricket nymphs:** Grass areas that received intense adult mole cricket pressure in the spring should be treated immediately prior to peak egg hatch. Optimal control is achieved at this time because young nymphs are more susceptible to insecticides and they are located near the soil surface where the insecticide is most concentrated. Control of larger, more damaging, nymphs later in the year may require both higher application rates and more frequent applications to maintain acceptable control. Applications should be made as late in the day as possible and should be watered in with up to 0.5 inches of water immediately after treatment. If the soil is not moist, then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized.

<sup>11</sup>Ticks (Including ticks that may transmit Lyme Disease and Rocky Mountain Spotted fever): Do not make spot applications. Treat the entire area where exposure to ticks may occur. Use higher spray volumes when treating areas with dense ground cover or heavy leaf litter. Ticks may be reintroduced from surrounding areas on host animals. Retreatment may be necessary to achieve and/or maintain control during periods of high pest pressure. Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed activity. Repeat application should be limited to no more than once per seven days.

**Deer ticks (Ixodes sp.)** have a complicated life cycle that ranges over a two year period and involves four life stages. Applications should be made in the late fall and/or early spring to control adult ticks that are usually located on brush or grass above the soil surface and in mid to late spring to control larvae and nymphs that reside in the soil and leaf litter.

American dog ticks may be a considerable nuisance in suburban settings, particularly where homes are built on land that was previously field or forest. These ticks commonly congregate along paths or roadways where humans are likely to be encountered. Applications should be made as necessary from mid-spring to early fall to control American dog tick larvae, nymphs and adults.

### **Dealers Should Sell in Original Packages Only.**

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